

Pro Form Products Ltd. 604 McGeachie Drive Milton, Ontario, L9T 3Y5 Canada 905-878-4990

PF 14004 TRIM & BUMPER SATIN BLACK AEROSOL PRODUCT:

SECTION 01: IDENTIFICATION

Initial supplier identifier..... Wyatt Machine Tools Rupes (NZ) Limited

388 Church Street, Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand

PH: (09) 525 1000 Email: info@wyatt.co.nz

Emergency number 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1)

PF 14004 TRIM & BUMPER SATIN BLACK AEROSOL Product identifier.....

Paints. Recommended use and restrictions on ...

use Chemical family..... Mixture.

NFPA rating..... Health: 2 Fire: 4 Reactivity: 0.

HMIS..... H: 2 F: 4 R: 0.

24 hour emergency number:..... NZ Emergency 0800 992 881 (0800WYATT1).

SECTION 02: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION



Signal Word Hazard Classification	DANGER. Flammable Aerosols — Category 1. Gases Under Pressure: Liquefied Gas. Sensitization - Skin — Category 1. Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation — Category 2A. Specific Target
Hazard Description	Organ Toxicity — Single Exposure — Category 3. (Narcotic Effects). (Respiratory system). Carcinogenicity — Category 2. Reproductive Toxicity — Category 2. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Prevention	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 This product contains ingredients that are suspected of causing cancer. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P202 Do not handle this product until all safety instructions have been read and understood. P210 Keep away from heat, sparks,
Response	open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition sources. P251 Do not pierce or burn container, even after use. P261 Avoid breathing mists, vapours and sprays. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection. P305 + P351 + P338 If in eyes rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing until medical help arrives. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists get medical attention. P302 + P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water. P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. P304 + P340 - If
Storage	inhaled remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P403 Store in a well ventilated area. P405 Store locked up. P410 Protect from sunlight. P412 Do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
Disposal Note	

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
CHEMICAL NAME AND SYNONYMS CAS # WT. %					
Acetone	67-64-1	15-40			
Isobutyl Acetate	110-19-0	10-30			
Propane	74-98-6	10-30			
Isobutane	75-28-5	5-10			



<<The actual concentration(s) withheld as a trade secret>> .

SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / IN	SECTION 03: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	5-10		
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	108-65-6	1-5		
Toluene	108-88-3	1-5		
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	1-5		
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1-1		
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1-1		
N-methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	0.1-1		
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester (Butyl methacrylate)	97-88-1	<0.1		

SECTION 04: FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes, keeping eyelids open, with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove all contaminated clothing and immediately wash the exposed areas with copious amounts of water for a minimum of 30 minutes or up to 60 minutes for critical body areas. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen, obtain medical attention.
Ingestion	If ingestion is suspected, contact physician or poison control center immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs have victim lean forward with head down to prevent aspiration of fluid into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an
Most important symptoms and effects, whether acute or delayed	unconscious person. Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled. Can cause skin sensitization. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. This product contains ingredients that are suspected of damaging
Additional information	fertility or the unborn child. This product contains ingredients that may cause cancer. Vapors have a narcotic effect and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea. Treat victims symptomatically. The main hazard from ingestion is aspiration of the liquid into the lungs producing chemical pneumonitis. In the event of an incident involving this product ensure that medical authorities are provided a copy of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 05: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	"Alcohol" foam,	CO2, dry ch	hemical. In cases	of larger fires,	water spray should	be used. Do
	not use water in	n a iet				

Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product, such as the nature of any hazardous combustion products Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Extremely flammable aerosol. Aerosol can will explode if heated. Thermal decomposition

products are toxic. May include:. Oxides of carbon (CO, CO2). Hydrocarbon fumes and

Extremely flammable aerosol. Fire in vicinity poses risk of pressure build-up rupture. In fire situations involving the surrounding area, cool the product down with plenty of water. In case of exothermic decomposition, as indicated by generation of large volumes of smoke, spray immediately and thoroughly with water or pour water on. Firefighter should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing to protect against potentially toxic and irritating fumes. Keep run-off water from entering sewers and other waterways. Dike for water control.

SECTION 06: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Isolate area and keep unauthorized people away. Do not walk through spilled material. Wear recommended protective equipment. Ventilate. Open windows and doors to allow air circulation. Dike area to prevent spreading. The use of absorbent socks or spill pillows may be required. Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Equipment should be grounded.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Leak/spill.....

Ventilate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Contain the spill. Avoid all personal contact. Evacuate all non-essential personnel. Prevent runoff into drains, sewers, and other waterways. Absorb with earth, sand, or another dry inert material. Shovel or pump to drum or salvage tank. Spilled material and water rinses are classified as chemical waste, and must be disposed of in accordance with current local, provincial, state, and federal regulations.



SECTION 07: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling...... Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. A

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Always adopt precautionary measures against build-up of static which may arise from appliances, handling and the containers in which product is packed. Ground handling equipment. Avoid all skin contact and ventilate adequately, otherwise wear an appropriate breathing apparatus. Avoid breathing vapours or mist. Handle and open container with care. Employees should wash hands and face

before eating or drinking.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxidizing and reducing materials. Store away from sunlight. Do not store above 50 deg C.

SECTION 08: EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

INGREDIENTS	TWA	GIH TLV STEL	OSH	A PEL STEL	NIOSH REL
Acetone	250 ppm TLV	500 ppm	1,000 ppm	Not established	250 ppm
Isobutyl Acetate	50 ppm	om (TWA); 750ppm (STE 150 ppm	L) 150 ppm	Not established	150 ppm
Propane	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm	Not established	1,000 ppm
Isobutane	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	800 ppm
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	50 ppm	75 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	50 ppm / STEL 75 ppm
	ON: 20 ppm (TWA	A), 75 ppm (STEL)			
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	50 ppm	75 ppm	Not established	Not established	Not established
Toluene	20 ppm	Not available	200 ppm	500 ppm 10 minutes	100 ppm / STEL 150 ppm
	CA ON: TWA: 20	ppm			
Carbon Black	3 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3	Not established	3.5 mg/m3
	CA ON: 3 mg/m3	(Inhalable) TWA			
Xylene	50 ppm	150 ppm TWA); 150ppm (STEL)	100 ppm TWA	Not available	Not available
Ethylbenzene	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	Not established	100 ppm / STEL 125 ppm
	CA ON: 20ppm (T	WA)			
N-methyl pyrrolidone	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester (Butyl methacrylate)	50 ppm	75 ppm	Not determined	Not determined	Not determined
Appropriate engineering controls		Provide natural or mechanical ventilation to control exposure levels below airborne exposure limits. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation should be used at sources of air contamination, such as open process equipment, or during purging operations, to capture gases and fumes that may be emitted. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (ie. ACGIH industrial ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation. Explosion-proof exhaust ventilation.			
Personal Protective Equ	uipment		•		
Eye/type		Chemical safety goggles exists.	. Chemical safety gog	igles and full faceshield	if splash hazard
Gloves/ type		Wear skin protection equipment. The selection of skin protection equipment depends on the nature of the work to be performed. Insulated gloves. (for aerosols). Contact glove supplier for recommendations.			
Clothing/type		Vear adequate protective clothes. Safety boots per local regulations.			
Respiratory/typeLocal exhaust ventilation is recommended. Wear an appropriate, prope			erly fitted respirator		
when contaminant levels exceed the recommended exposure limits. Other/type					

SECTION 09: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Physical state..... Aerosol. Colour..... Black. Odour.....Odour threshold (ppm)..... Characteristic odour. Ester odour. Not available. Not applicable. pH.....Hq -95°C (-139°F). (acetone). 56°C (133°F). (acetone). -18°C. (estimate for liquid). Evaporation rate..... <1. (liquid). Flammability (solids and gases)..... Flammable aerosol. Upper flammable limit (% vol)..... Lower flammable limit (% vol)..... 9.5. (Propane). 2.0. (Propane). 60-75 psig @ 21°C. Vapour pressure (psig):..... Vapour density (air=1)..... >1. Relative Density (Specific Gravity)..... 0.79 - 0.82.Pounds / USG...... 6.59 - 6.84. Not soluble in water. Partition coefficient — n-octanol/water..... Not available. 460 °C (propellant) . Auto ignition temperature (deg C)..... Decomposition temperature..... Not available. Viscosity......%
W Volatile by volume...... No data. Not available. 3.90 lbs/USG; 467.3 g/L. VOC LBS/GAL less water.....

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Incompatible materails...... Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products.......... No hazardous decomposition products when stored and handled correctly. See hazardous combustion products section 5.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INGREDIENTS	LC50	LD50
Acetone	50,100 mg/m3 8 hours, rat	5,800 mg/kg (rat oral)
Isobutyl Acetate	>13.24 mg/L /6 h rat	15400 mg/kg (rat oral), >17400 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Propane	>1,464 mg/L 15 minutes rat	Not available
Isobutane	52 mg/L 1 hour mouse	Not available
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	8.2 - 16.4 mg/L 4 hours rat	2080 mg/kg (rat oral) >16,000 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	Not Available	8,532 mg/kg rat oral 5,000 mg/kg dermal rabbit
Toluene	8000ppm (rat inhalation) 400ppm mouse (inhalation 24hr)	5,000 mg/kg (rat ora)l; 12,124 mg/kg (rabbit dermal)
Carbon Black	Not available	>10,000 mg/kg (oral rat) 3,000 mg/kg (dermal rabbit)
Xylene	6350 ppm 4 hours rat	>3523 mg/kg rat oral
Ethylbenzene	No data	3,500 mg/kg rat oral 17,800 mg/kg rabbit dermal
N-methyl pyrrolidone	No Data	3600 mg/kg (oral, rat)
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, butyl ester (Butyl methacrylate)	29 mg/L (4 hr) dust/mist	Not determined
Route of exposure Eye contact. Skin of Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics		
	ation. Causes eye irritation. Can cause	e tearing, reddening and

May cause skin irritation. Causes eye irritation. Can cause tearing, reddening and swelling. May cause temporary corneal damage. Ingestion may cause adverse health effects.



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of chronic exposure..... Breathing high concentrations of vapour may cause anesthetic effects and serious health effects. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying or cracking of skin. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this product may be harmful or fatal. IARC has classified Carbon Black as "Group 2B", possibly carcinogenic to humans. Xylene has been listed by IARC as a Group 3; not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Carcinogenicity..... Ethylbenzene is known to the state of California to cause cancer and developmental effects and is listed by IARC as a Group 2B Carcinogen. Mutagenicity..... The data does not allow for an adequate assessment of the mutagenic effect. Reproductive effects..... Reproductive toxicity (developmental): N-methyl pyrrolidone. Toluene is fetotoxic in rats and mice at maternally toxic levels. Prolonged and repeated exposure of pregnant animals (>1500 ppm) to Toluene have been reported to cause adverse fetal developmental effects. High level exposure to Xylene in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus. Methyl isobutyl ketone passes through the placental barrier.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization.....Specific Target Organ Toxicity

May cause sensitization by skin contact.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No product data. Do not allow to enter waters, waste water or soil. Environmental.....

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Information on safe handling for disposal. and methods of disposal, including any contaminated packaging

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable Federal, Provincial/State and local regulations. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or expose to heat, even when empty.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG Classification..... UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - This product meets limited quantity exemption when shipped in containers less than 1 Litre. DOT Classification (Road)..... UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Ltd Qty (1 Liter/0.26 Gallons). UN1950 - AEROSOLS, flammable - Class 2.1 - Limited Quantity. Do not ship by air without IATA Classification (Air)..... checking appropriate IATA regulations. UN1950 - AEROSOLS - Class 2.1 - EmS: F-D, S-U - Limited Quantity. Check IMDG IMDG Classification (Marine)..... regulations for limited quantity exemptions. Marine Pollutant..... In accordance with Part 2.2.1 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations (July Proof of Classification..... 2, 2014) - we certify that classification of this product is correct. .

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

On Domestic Substances List (DSL). TSCA inventory status..... All components are listed. OSHA..... This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. SARA Title III Section 302 - extremely hazardous None. substances Section 311/312 - hazard categories...... Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard. Ethylbenzene. Glycol ethers. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene. Ethylbenzene. Glycol ethers. Methyl Isobutyl Ketone. Toluene. Xylene. Section 313..... EPA hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) 40CFR63 California Proposition 65..... ***! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. (Benzene (D)). (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (D)). (N-methyl pyrrolidone (nmp)). (Toluene(D)). *** ! WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [see below], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. (Benzene). (Carbon black - airborne, unbound particles of respirable size). (Ethylbenzene (C)). (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (C)). For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov. (NZ) Statement..... This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017. 2.1.1A. 6.4A. 6.1E. 6.9B. 6.7B. 6.8B. (NZ) HSNO Classifications..... (NZ) HSNO Group Standard...... Aerosols - Flammable Toxic 6.7 HSR002517.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by: Telephone number:.....

REGULATORY AFFAIRS.

(800) 387-7981.

2023-11-15. 2019-11-13

Disclaimer:....

DISCLAIMER: All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from experience and recognized technical sources. To the best of our knowledge, it is believed to be correct as of the date of issue but we make no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency and do not suggest or guarantee that any hazards listed herein are the only ones which exist. The hazard information contained herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to his own investigation and verification of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition. The information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

data sheet